

Summary

Clinical Evaluation of ^{111}In -Oxine-Labeled Platelet and $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -HSA-D Scintigraphies in Kasabach-Meritte Syndrome Associated with Anterior Mediastinal Hemangioma: Case Report

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A 12-year-old girl presented with Kasabach-Meritte syndrome associated with anterior mediastinal hemangioma. ^{111}In -oxine-labeled platelet scintigraphy and $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -HSA-D scintigraphy were very useful for the diagnosis and evaluation of this condition.

Key words: Indium-111-oxine-labeled platelet, Technetium-99m-human serum albumin diethylene triamine pentaacetic acid ($^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -HSA-D), Kasabach-Meritte syndrome, Anterior mediastinum, Hemangioma.