On the other hand, $^{111}$In was slowly and slightly taken into the bone from the blood, so the retention values in the soft tissues was remaining relatively high. $^{67}$Ga showed the intermediate value of bone uptake rate between $^{169}$Yb and $^{111}$In.

**Deposition in Tumor and Inflammation of $^{169}$Yb, $^{99m}$Tc- and $^{57}$Co-bleomycin, with Special Reference to $^{67}$Ga and $^{111}$In**

Y. ITO, S. OKUYAMA, T. SATO, K. TAKAHASHI and T. AWANO

Department of Radiology and Nuclear Medicine, The Research Institute for Tuberculosis, Leprosy and Cancer, Tohoku University, Sendai

Our interests in new tumor imaging agents are (1) if they would more selectively deposited in malignancies, and (2) if they not be accumulated in inflammatory lesions. Simultaneous, binucleidial studies with $^{169}$Yb, $^{67}$Ga and $^{99m}$Tc-bleomycin were undertaken in rabbits bearing VX-2 experimental carcinoma. $^{169}$Yb was cleared from the blood faster than $^{67}$Ga, and this resulted in a higher tumor to blood concentration ratio of the former radioisotope. The tumor masses were clearly scanned with either agent. Clinical tumor imaging was also attained successfully by either agent.

High VX-2 concentration was achieved in the case of $^{57}$Co-bleomycin as well, and scanned positive.

Deposition in the typhoid vaccine-induced exudative inflammation was assessed of the tumor imaging agents. The concentration ratio to the control subcutaneous tissue was as follows: $^{99m}$Tc pertechnetate 1.4, $^{67}$Ga 3.4, $^{111}$In 2.7, $^{169}$Yb 5.2, $^{99m}$Tc bleomycin 1.5, and $^{57}$Co-bleomycin 5.0.

Development of tumor imaging agents that would not be deposited in inflammatory lesions is so badly needed in order to efficiently cope with daily clinical problems.

**Detection of the Extent of Malignant Lymphoma with Gallium-67 Whole Body Scanning**

Y. ONO, O. ITO, M. SUGAHARA, K. ASAKURA and N. KUBOTA

Department of Radiology, Yokohama City University, School of Medicine, Yokohama

Gallium-67 citrate has been used in several malignant tumors. In this series, we studied 17 cases of malignant lymphoma (reticulum cell sarcoma:12 cases, others:5 cases) with whole body scanner.

Patients were received 1.0–1.5 mCi Ga-67 citrate intravenous injection 72–96 hours prior to scanning. The equipment used in our clinic was a whole body scanner with dual head (12.7 cm) and with 85 hole focused cone.