

INVESTIGATION ON THYROID FUNCTION ASSAY BY GAMMA-COAT SOLID-PHASE RADIOIMMUNOASSAY

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Many different types of kits for thyroid function assay have been developed; and their simplicity of assay procedure and assay accuracy also have been improved promptly. In solid phase RIA system using antibody coated tube, there is no need for specific reagent to separate B and F fractions. Thus the system has several advantages over other methods. They are shorter assay time, better sensitivity, and easy adaptation to automatization. After making some basic investigations for above points on GammaCoat T<sub>4</sub>, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>3</sub> uptake, we, now, would like to present the report. [Method] As to GammaCoat T<sub>4</sub>, 10ul of patient sample is used; and its incubation time and temperature are 45mins and room temperature. As to GammaCoat T<sub>3</sub> uptake, 25ul of patient sample is used; and the incubation of 60 mins at room temperature is made. As to GammaCoat T<sub>3</sub>, 100ul of patient sample is used; and the incubation of 60 mins at 37°C is made. Micromedic automatic pipetting station is used for sample pipetting for above three assays; and personal computer is used for data processing according to Drs Miyai and Ichihara's method. [Results] (1) Intraassay variations (c.v.%) for GammaCoat T<sub>4</sub> are 5.6 and 3.0. Those for GammaCoat T<sub>3</sub> uptake are 3.2 and 4.5. And Those for GammaCoat T<sub>3</sub> are 6.9 and 8.6. (2) Correlation coefficient of GammaCoat T<sub>4</sub> with Tetrastorb is 0.97 and that with T<sub>4</sub> RIA (PEG) is 0.98. That of GammaCoat T<sub>3</sub> uptake with Triosorb is 0.92. That of GammaCoat T<sub>3</sub> with T<sub>3</sub> RIA kit II is 0.94. They, all, correlate extremely well. (3) The effects of medium-level hemolysis on those three methods are not significantly high. (4) The effects of lipid on T<sub>4</sub> value by GammaCoat method and that on CPBA method are significantly different in the case of high value of FFA. CPBA is rather easily affected by addition of lipid acid in in-vitro assay. (5) T<sub>4</sub> values by GammaCoat for euthyroid, hyper-, and hypo-thyroidism are 7.4±1.2 (n=34), 18.3±7.0 (n=30), and 3.3±1.5 (n=8) ug/dl. T<sub>3</sub> uptake values by GammaCoat for those three are 39.2±2.4 (n=32), 46.3±6.7 (n=26), and 36.5±2.5 (n=8) respectively. [Summary] GammaCoat T<sub>4</sub>, T<sub>3</sub>, and T<sub>3</sub> uptake kits are extremely useful because of its simplicity and feasibility of mass routine assay by utilization of automatic pipettor. Moreover, those assay values correlate with those by presently available methods. Thus they are clinically significant kits.

SOLID PHASE RADIOIMMUNOASSAY KIT FOR SERUM T<sub>4</sub> AND T<sub>3</sub> - UPTAKE RATIO

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Ability for measurement of serum T<sub>3</sub> uptake ratio with SPAC T<sub>3</sub> kit and of serum T<sub>4</sub> with SPAC T<sub>4</sub> kit manufactured by Mallinckrodt Company was tested.

Principle of SPAC T<sub>3</sub> kit is that unbound T<sub>3</sub> to serum TBG is separated by coupling to anti-T<sub>3</sub> coated on inner surface of test tube. Effect of incubation temperature was tested at 4, 20 and 37°C.

The value became higher as temperature increased. To test effect of incubation time, the index was measured for 5, 10, 30 and 60 minutes. The value increased as the time was longer. Reproducibility was tested using 7 different serum samples measured on 2 or 4 different assays, and average coefficient of variation was 7.5%. Then relationship of the values by this method and Triosorb was tested using plasma samples of 83 patients with various disorders, and statistically significant positive correlation (r=0.76, p<0.01) was observed.

Principle of SPAC T<sub>4</sub> kit is that free T<sub>4</sub> competitively binds to anti-T<sub>4</sub> coated on test tube under condition of blocking binding capacity of TBG with ANS. The effect of incubation time was tested incubating sera of three different level of T<sub>4</sub> for 10, 30, 60 and 90 minutes. T<sub>4</sub> values decreased rather sharply for until approximately 60 minutes and then decreased gradually. A nearly linear curve was obtained by measurement of serially diluted serum with known amount of T<sub>4</sub>. Reproducibility of values was tested using four different sera on 2 or 4 assays. Average coefficient of variation was 6.4%. Finally relationship was test between the values measured by this method and RESOMAT T<sub>4</sub>. Correlation of coefficient was 0.89 (n=101, p<0.01).

These results indicate that SPAC T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>4</sub> are pretty reliable and accurate kits for clinical use.