O. Bone and Joints

Diagnostic Scignificance of Computer Scintigrams for Bone Diseases

S. Omori, Y. Itami, T. Inoue, H. Miyawaki, T. Yamagishi, K. Yoshizaki, and H. Miyaima

Department of Orthopedic Surgery, The Jikei University School of Medicine, Tokyo K.Okada, H. Aoki, M. Nishikawa and S. Sasaki

KANAGAWA Rihabilitation Cenetr

Purpose: It is the purpose of this study to try image processing of bone scintigrams using clinical data system on-line and to utilize them clinical diagnosis.

Method: The state of RI accumulation at the affected site and normal site immediately after i.v. injection was recorded with data store playback accessory using Pho/Gamma scinticamera. After 3 hours, miniscan and life size scan of the affected were carried out with whole body scanner, model scc-750w. Concerning these data, various programs for image processing and for image display were investigated using SCINTIPAC-200 through image interface on-line.

- **Result:** (1) By using local program for processing a histgram, it is possible to analyze numerically the change of RI accumulation with time at the affected site and normal site and to assess condition of diseases.
- (2) As image display programs effective to the diagnosis of the bone diseases the followings were investigated: MAP display, isocount line display, profile display, etc. It is considered that they are all of useful help to find out smaller lisions of bone diseases and to measure RI distribution quantitatively and contribute to the improvement of the accuracy of diagnosis.

Experiences of Bone Scanning with Tc-99m-diphosphonate

Y. HAYASHI and S. SASAKI

Department of Radiology, Kanagawa Rehabilitation Hospital

S. YAMAGUCHI, A. ITO, and H. AOKI

Department of Orthopedy, Kanagawa Rehabilitation Hospital

S. OMORI and M. MORI

Department of Orthopedy, Jikei University School of Medicine

About 55 various bone disease caces, we

took bone scanning with Tc-99m-diphosphonate.